

Self-shielding effect for liq. xenon

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- XMASS experiment
- Self shielding effect for low energy ext. γ
- Demonstration: liquid xenon prototype det.

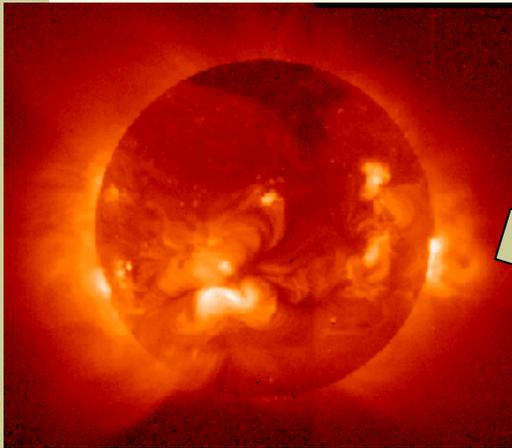
XMASS experiment

XMASS

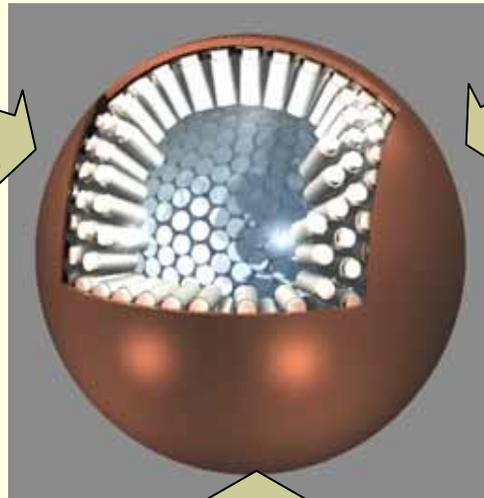
Xenon **MASS**ive detector for Solar neutrino ($pp/{}^7\text{Be}$)

Xenon neutrino **MASS** detector (double beta decay)

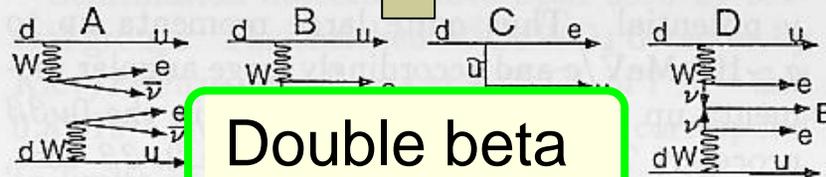
Xenon detector for Weakly Interacting **MASS**ive Particles (DM search)



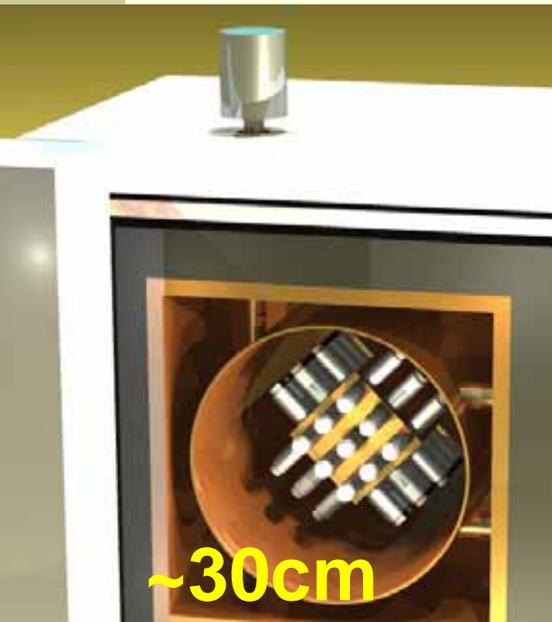
Solar neutrino



Dark matter

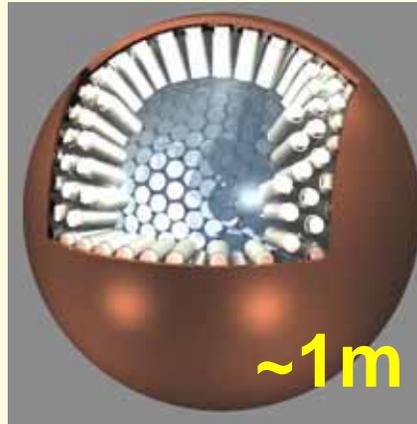
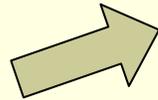


Strategy of the XMASS project



~30cm

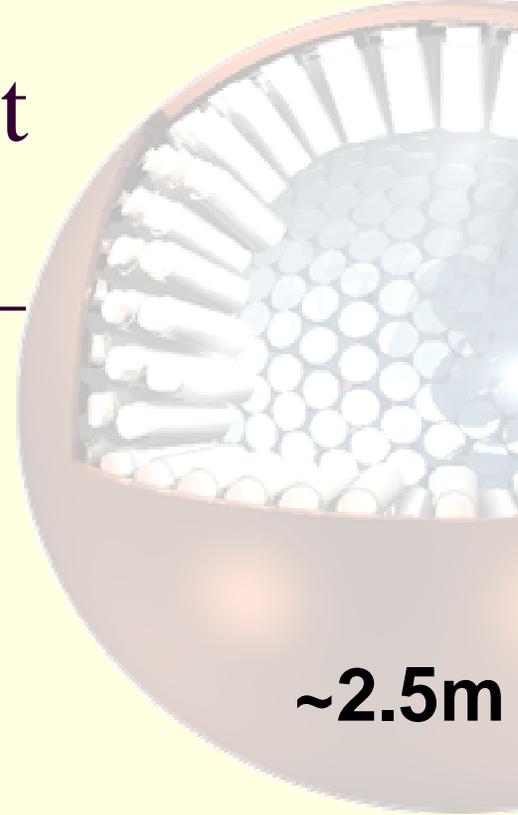
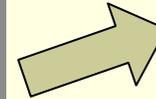
Prototype detector
(FV 3kg) **R&D**



~1m

800kg detector
(FV 100kg)

Dark matter search



~2.5m

~20 ton detector
(FV 10ton)

Solar neutrinos

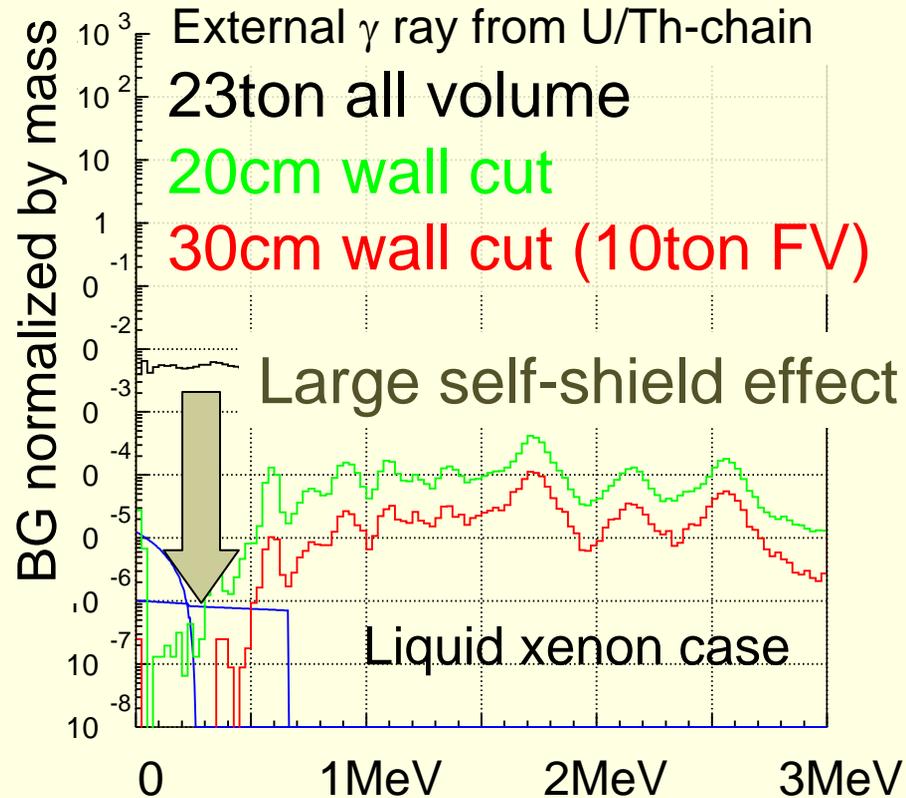
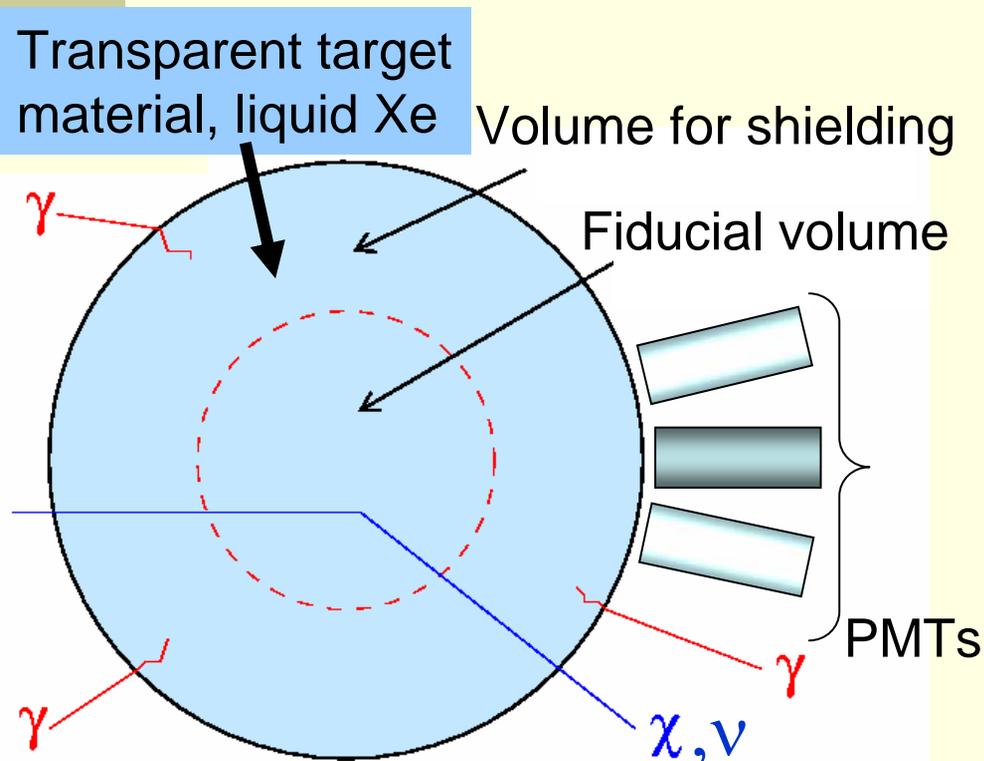
Dark matter search

Confirmation of feasibilities
of the 800kg detector



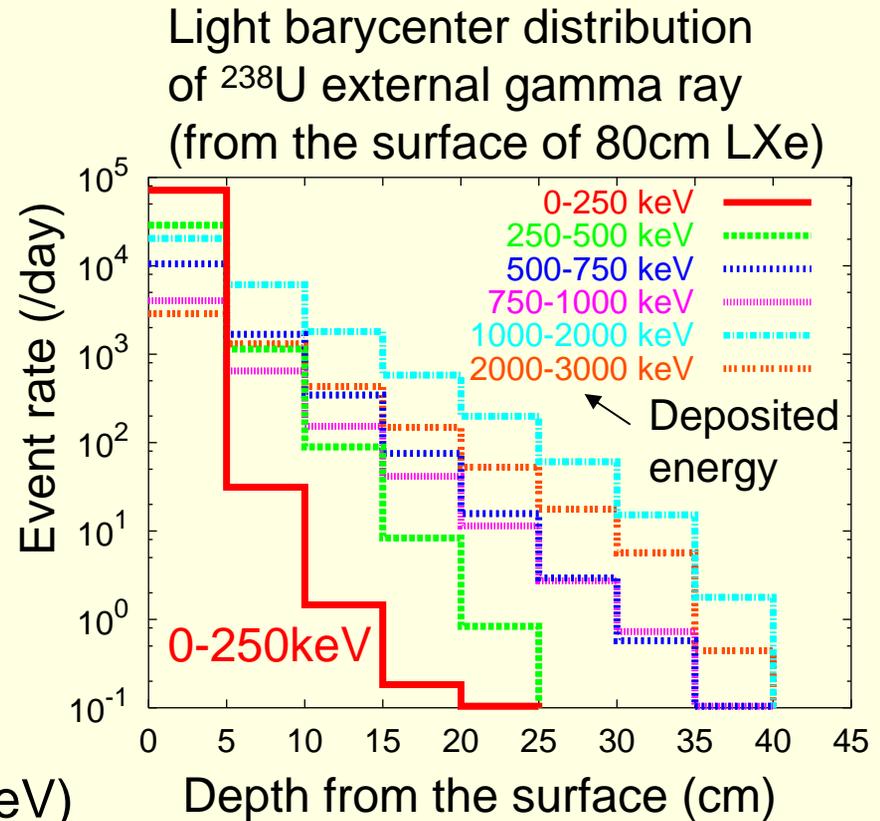
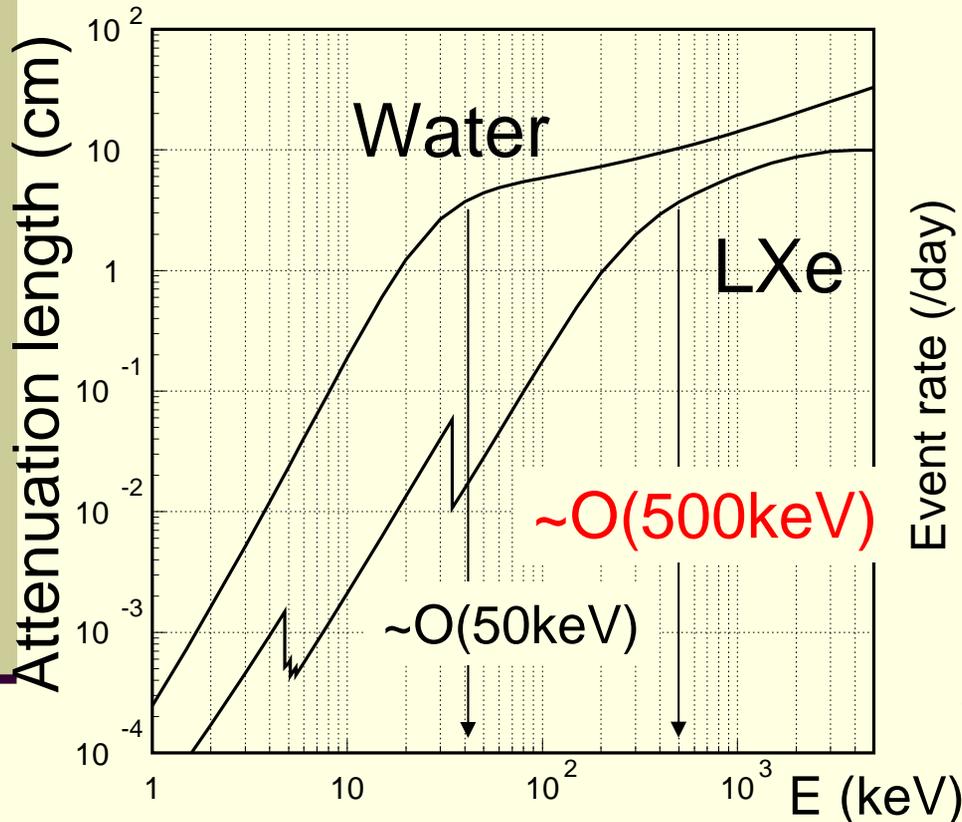
**Demonstration of
self shielding**

Self shielding effect for low energy external gamma rays



- Super-K, SNO, and KamLAND are good examples.
- Photoelectric effect with large atomic number make the effect much stronger especially for low energy region.

Self shielding effect with liq. xenon



Large photoelectric coeff. for low energy γ

Vertex (\sim light barycenter) reconstruction

\rightarrow low BG deep inside the detector

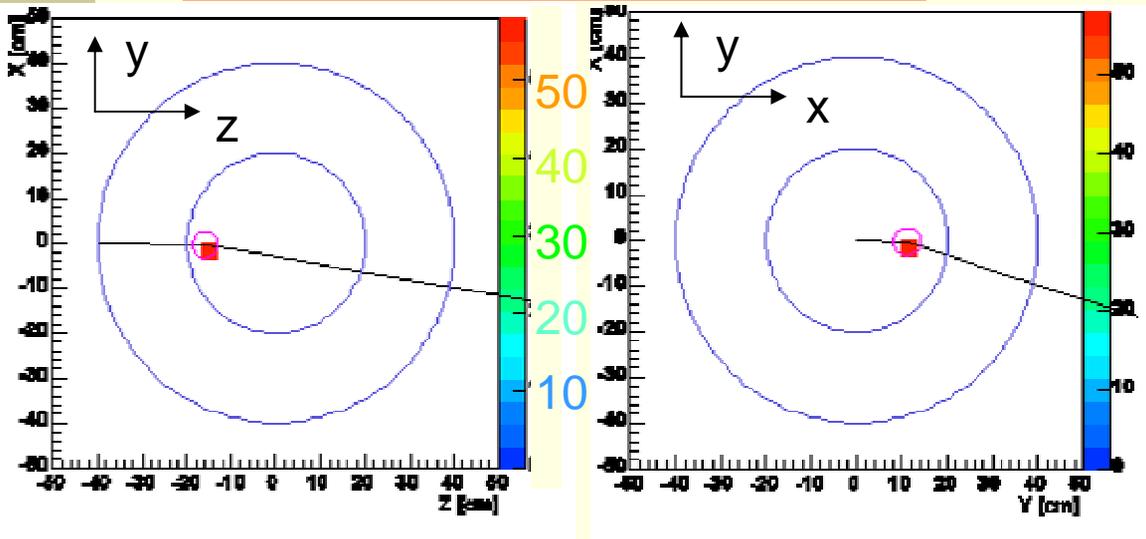
Why there are very small number of BG events at the low energy region?

- Answer: To leave $\sim 100\text{keV}$ in the FV, high energy gamma ray need to penetrate long path.

Toy MC: 80cm diameter liquid xenon with U gamma rays

Initial 1760keV, 57keV deposited

○ Light barycenter



Simulated 4.3×10^6 U decays on the sphere. Only 7 events recorded dep. energy $< 300\text{keV}$ & the light center in FV

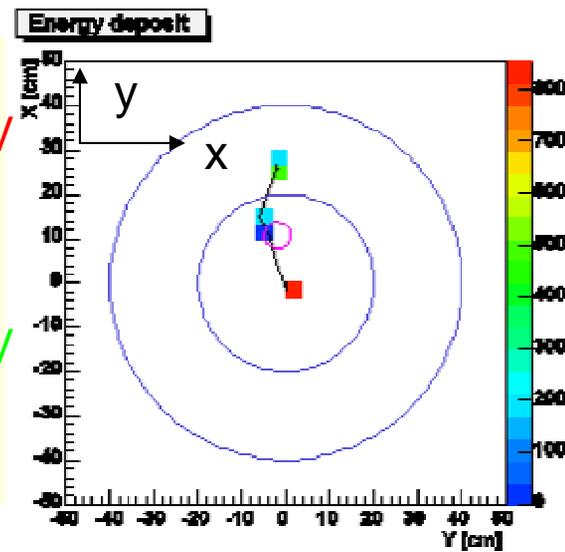
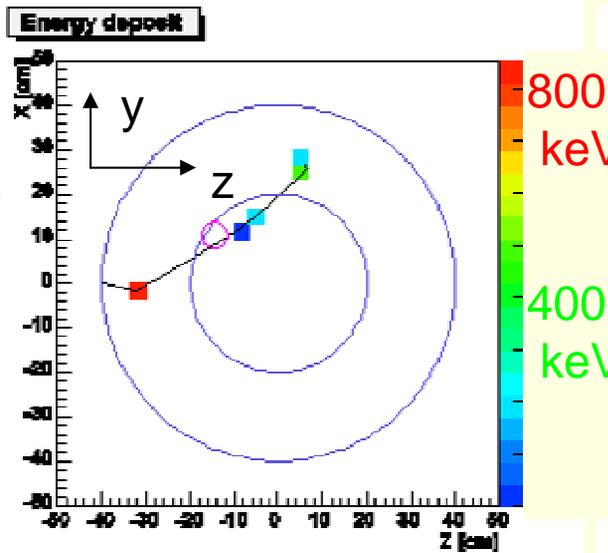
Deep event with low energy deposit ($E_{\text{dep.}}$) Very rare!

- Fate of the events which give finite energy deposit in the FV.

Finite energy deposition in FV

	Edep in all vol. <300keV	Edep in FV <300keV
Light center FV	7 (last page)	272
Light center out FV	2	2276

Original energy 1760keV, Edep in FV 221keV
Edep in OV 1539keV



○ Light barycenter

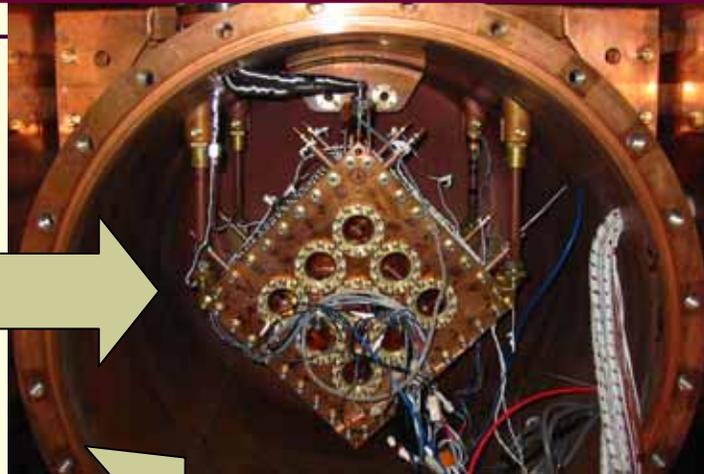
4.3×10^6 ^{238}U decay

Even if Edep. in FV, additional Edep. change its energy deposit higher.

Demonstration of self shielding effect with 3kg FV prototype detector



OFHC cubic chamber



In the
Kamioka Mine
(near the
Super-K)



Gamma ray shield



- Demonstration of reconstruction, self shielding effect, and low background properties.

Vertex and energy reconstruction

Reconstruction is performed by PMT charge pattern (not timing)

Calculate PMT acceptances from various vertices by Monte Carlo.

Vtx.: compare acceptance map $F(x,y,z,i)$

Ene.: calc. from obs. p.e. & total accept.

$$\text{Log}(L) = \sum_{\text{PMT}} \text{Log}\left(\frac{\exp(-\mu)\mu^n}{n!}\right)$$

L: likelihood

$$\mu: \frac{F(x,y,z,i)}{\sum F(x,y,z,i)} \times \text{total p.e.}$$

n: observed number of p.e.

$F(x,y,z,i)$: acceptance for i-th PMT (MC)

VUV photon characteristics:

$$L_{\text{emit}}=42\text{ph/keV}$$

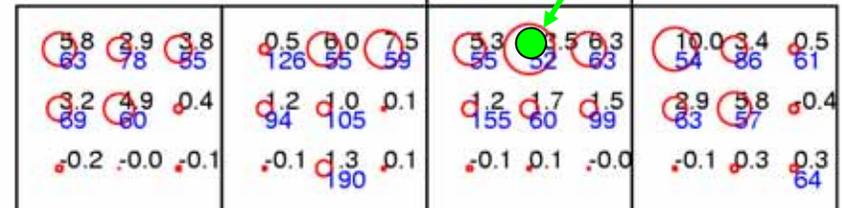
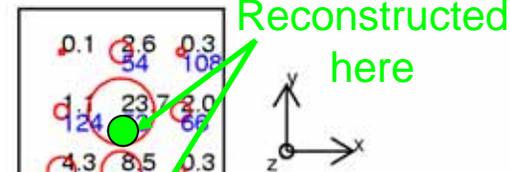
$$\tau_{\text{abs}}=100\text{cm}$$

$$\tau_{\text{scat}}=30\text{cm}$$

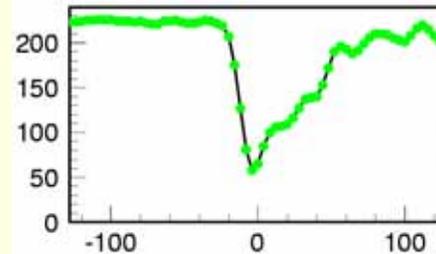
XMASS prototype detector

run 1091
event 11252
potot 157.17

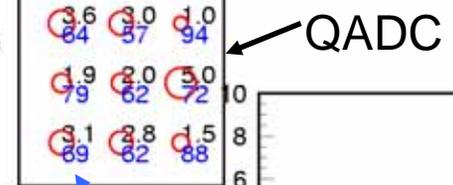
(rx,ry,rz)=(0.80, 9.95, -3.19)
energy = 0.25 MeV



labx
labz
View from inside



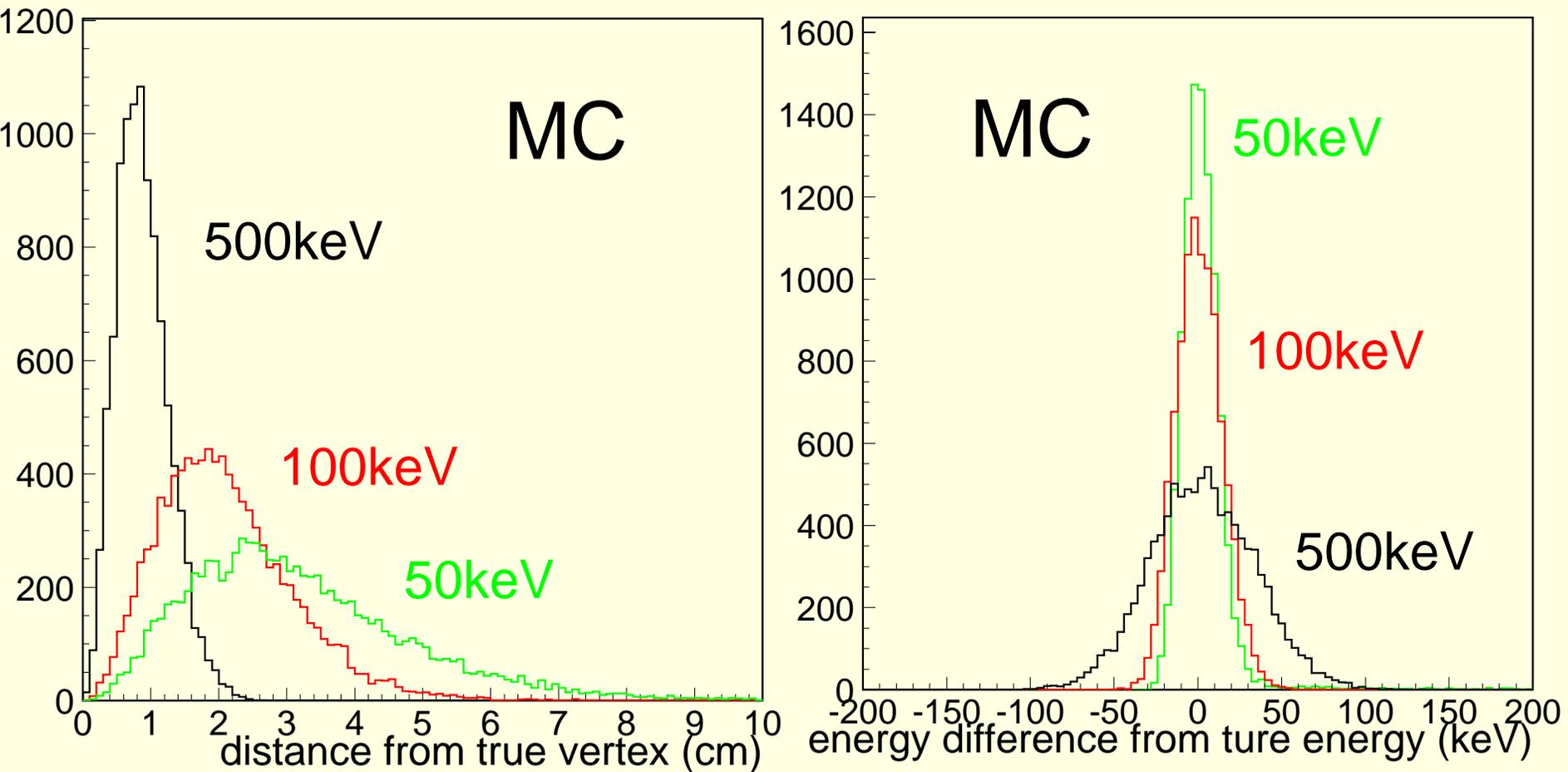
FADC (ns)



Hit timing (ns)

=== Background event sample ===
QADC, FADC, and hit timing
information are available for analysis

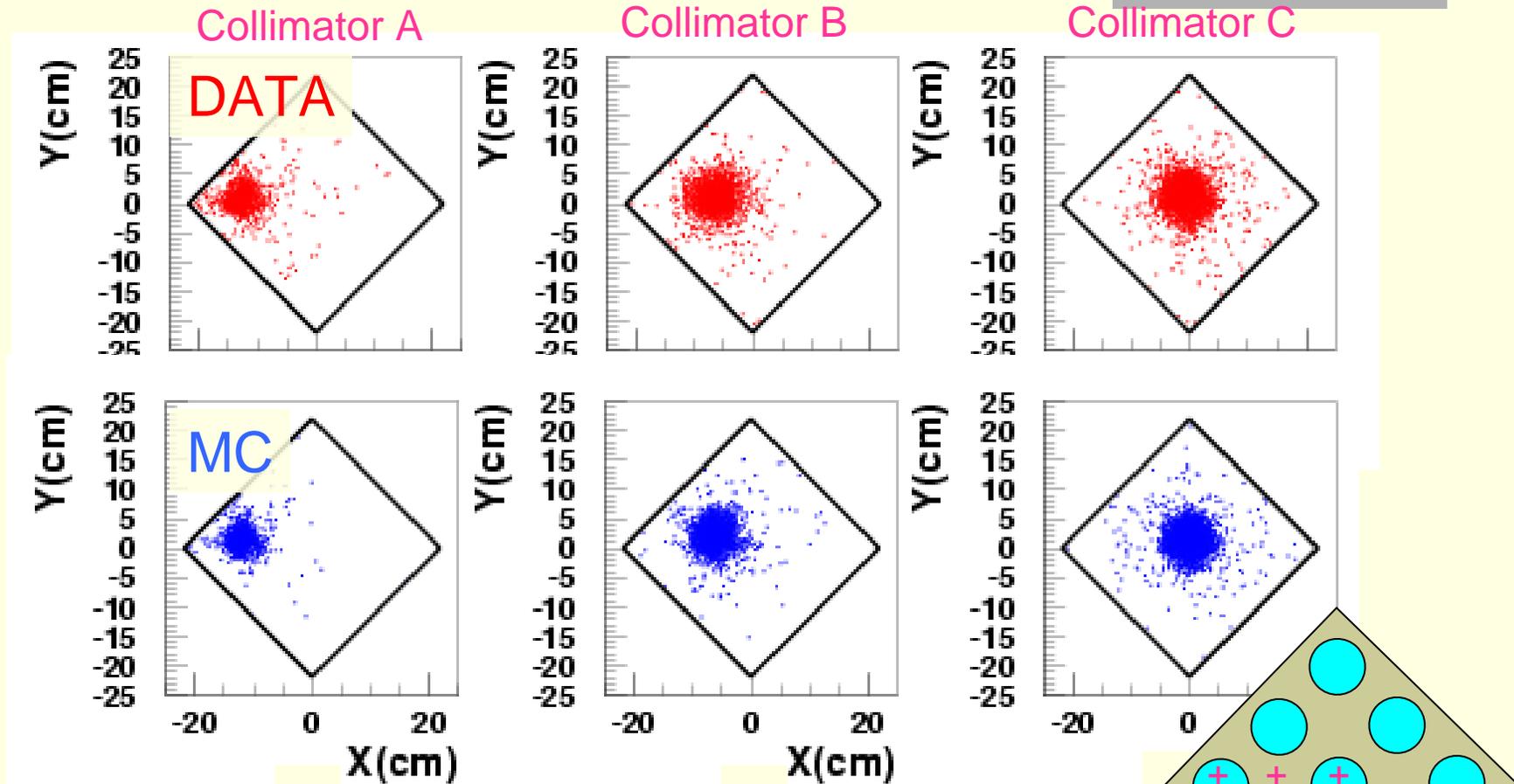
Expected reconstruction performance in 10cm cubic fiducial volume



■ 10cm cubic FV events reconstructed well.

Source run

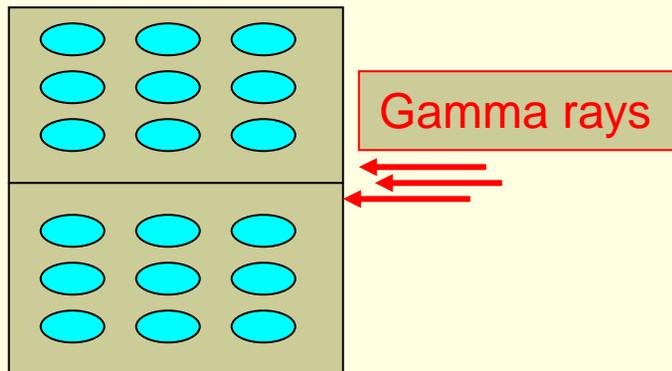
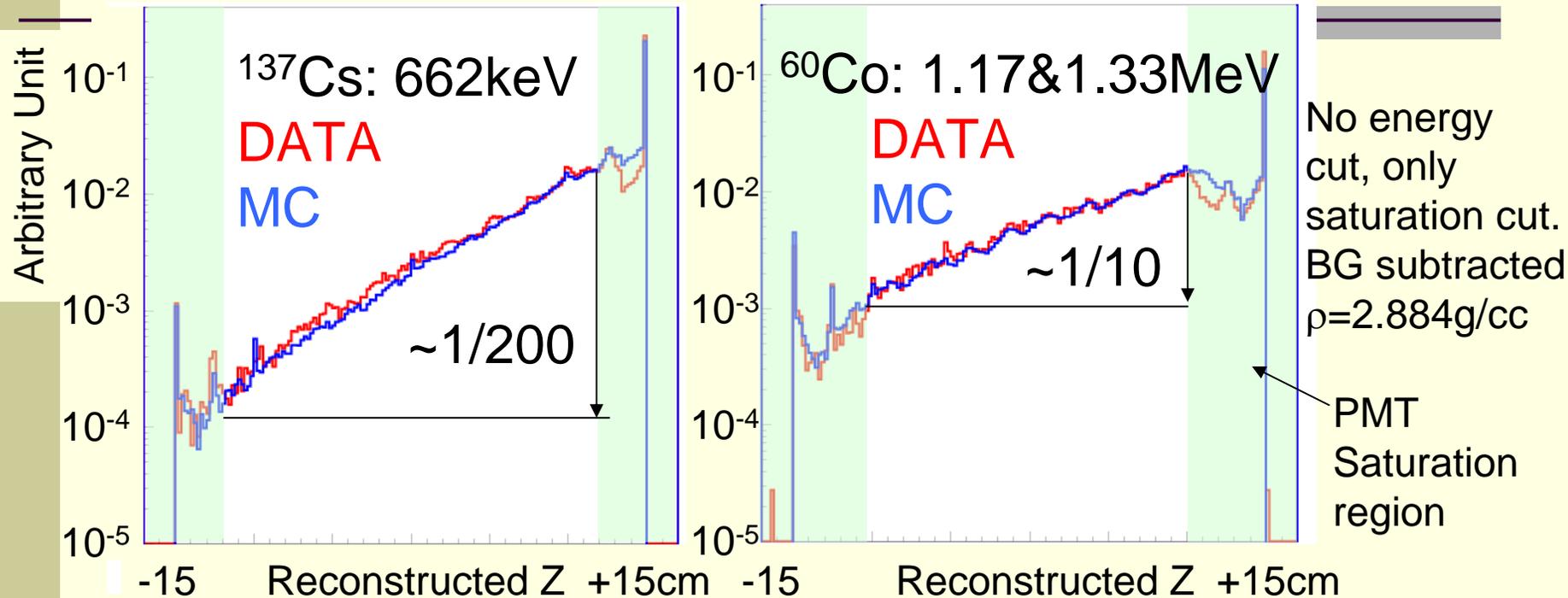
(γ ray injection from collimators) I



■ Very well reproduced.

Source run

(γ ray injection from collimators) II

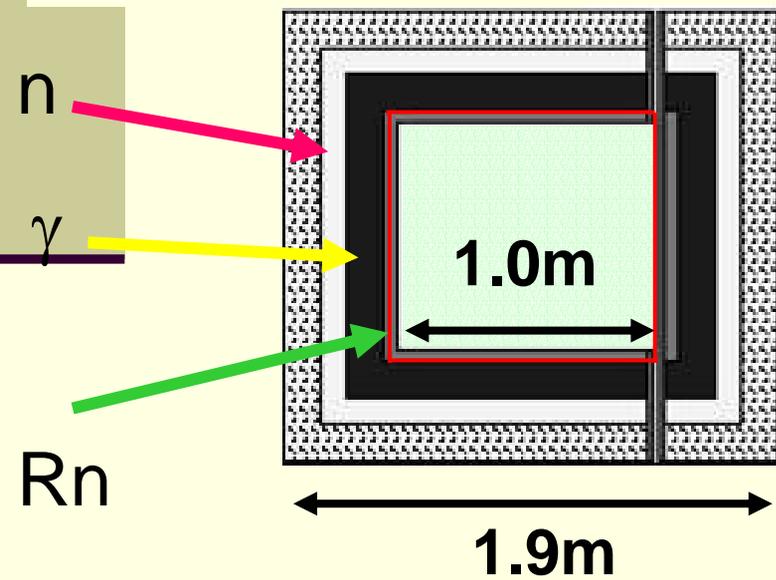


Z= -15 Z= +15

- Good agreements.
- Self shield works as expected.
- Photo electron yield $\sim 0.8\text{p.e./keV}$ for all volume



Gamma ray shield



-  Polyethylene (15cm)
-  Boric acid (5cm)
-  Lead (15cm)
-  EVOH sheets (30 μ m)
-  OFHC (5cm)
-  Rn free air (~3mBq/m³)

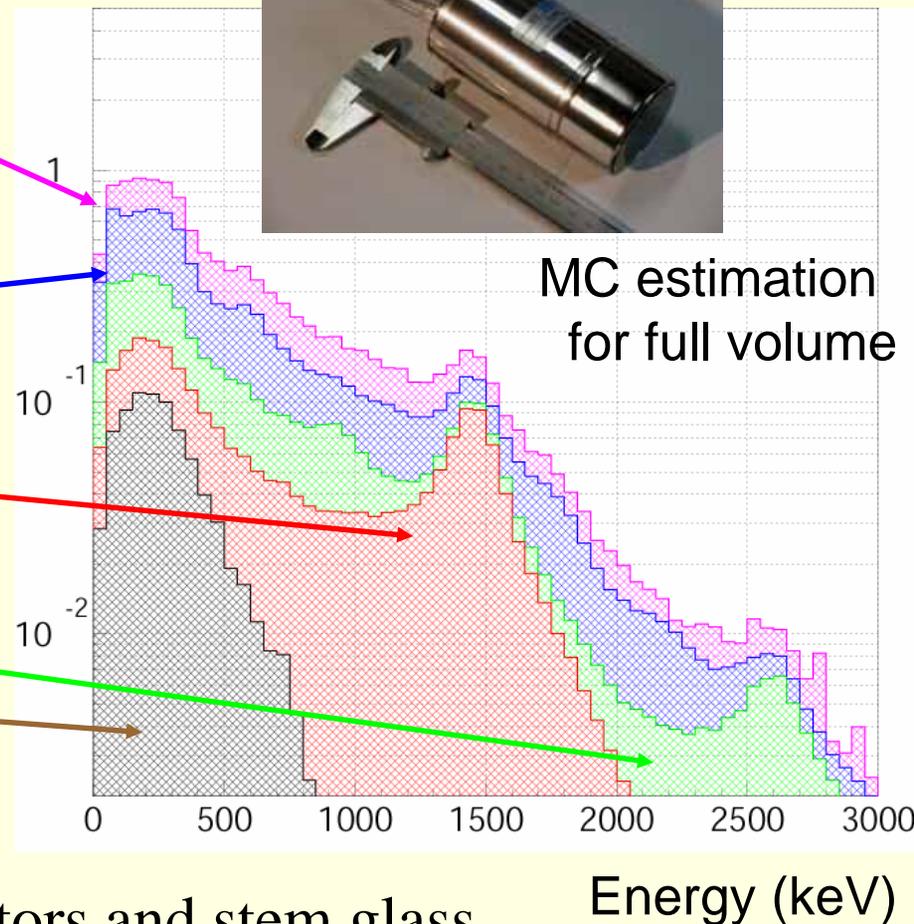
Rn concentration in the clean room ~10Bq/m³

External background source

- Background level was estimated from known sources

Dominant contribution: PMTs

- γ rays from outside shield
 $\sim 0.7\gamma/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ ($>500\text{keV}$)
- Low background PMTs
 - ^{238}U series
 $18\pm 2\text{mBq/PMT}$
 - ^{40}K (incl. beta branch)
 $140\pm 20\text{mBq/PMT}$
 - ^{232}Th series
 $6.9\pm 1.3\text{mBq/PMT}$
- ^{210}Pb in the lead shield
 250Bq/kg



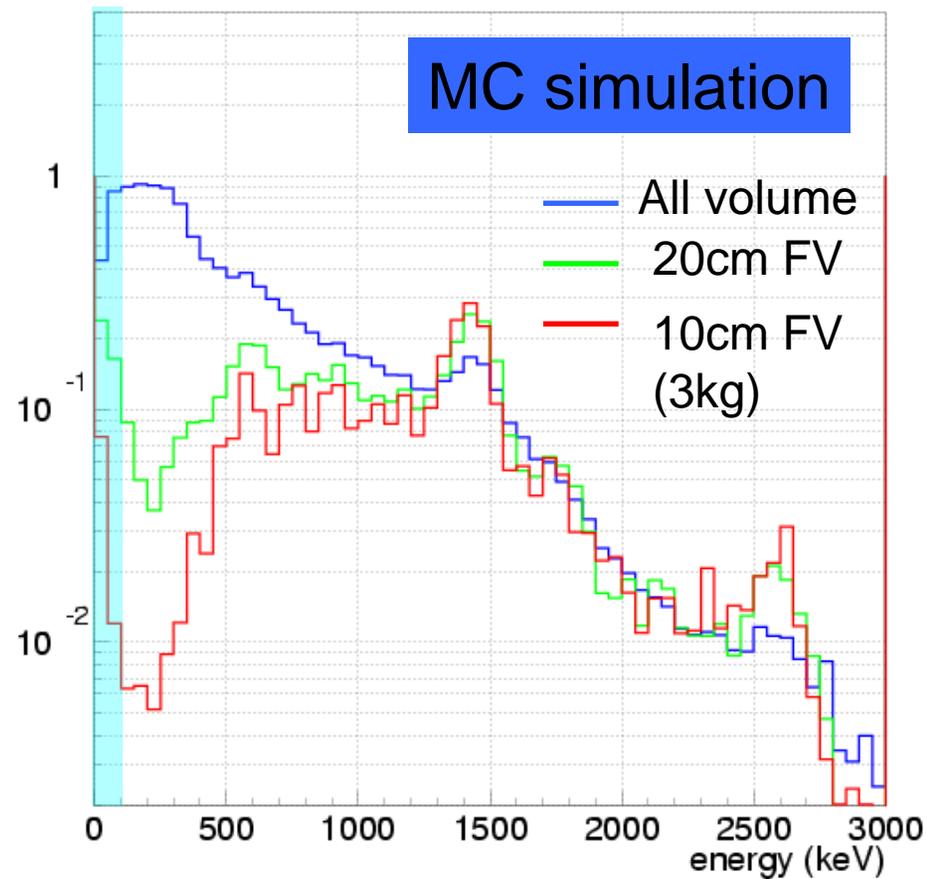
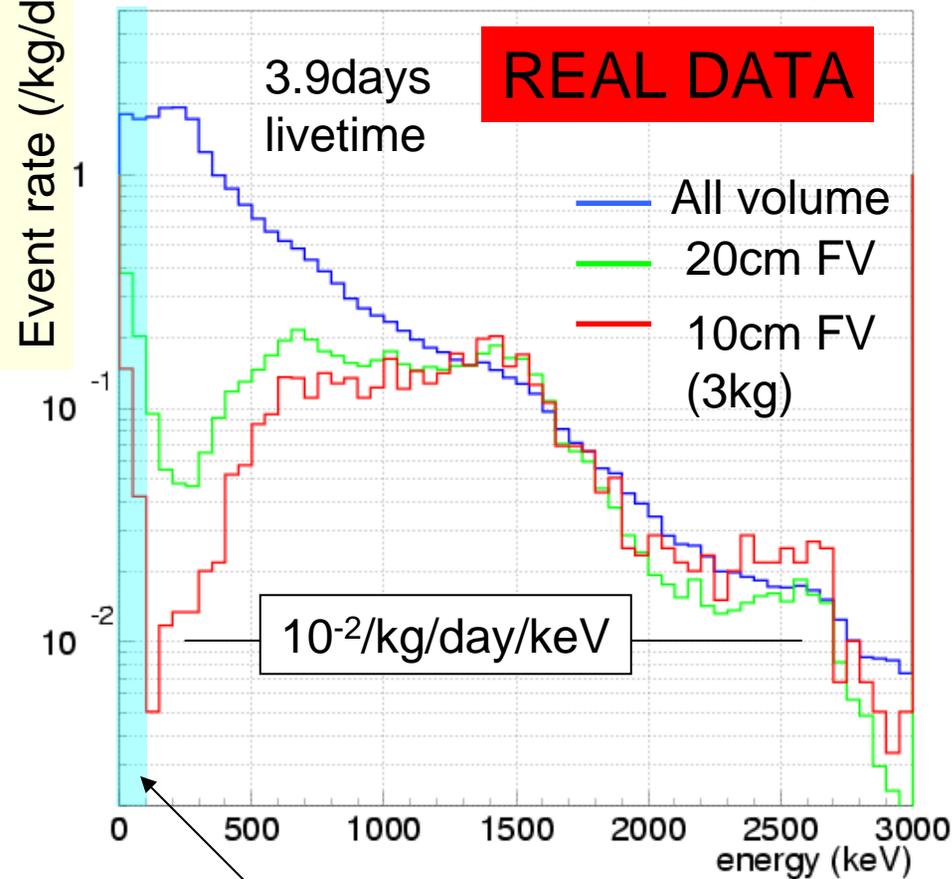
Measured by HPGe

Main contribution from inner insulators and stem glass.

Background data

Aug. 04 run
preliminary

~1.6Hz, 4 fold, triggered by ~0.4p.e.

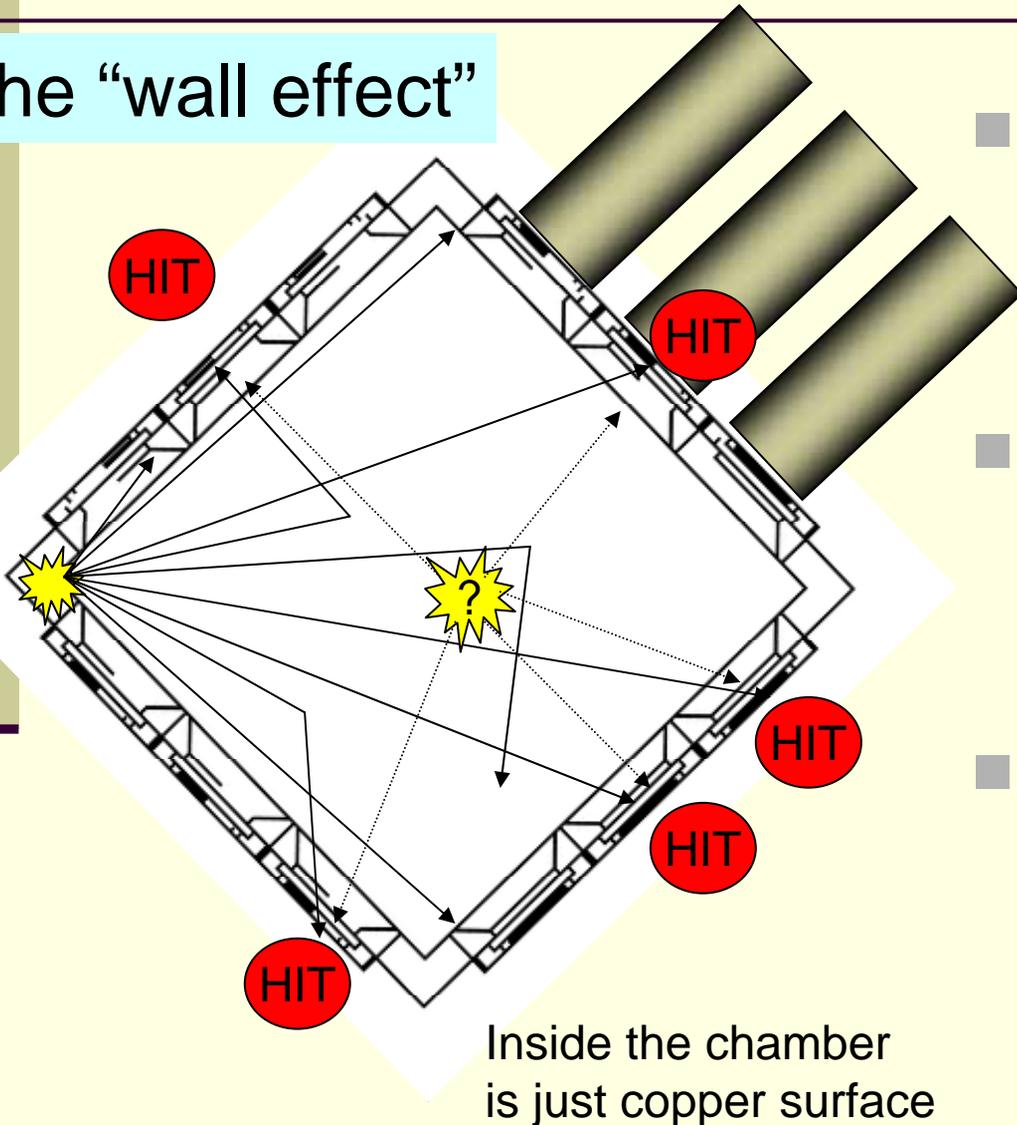


Mis-reconstruction due to dead-angle region from PMTs.

- Internal origins of background is negligible after FV cuts.
- Good agreement (< factor 2)
- Self shield effect can be seen clearly.
- Very low background (10⁻² /kg/day/keV @ 100-300 keV)

Mis reconstruction: dead angle from the PMTs (only for this prototype detector)

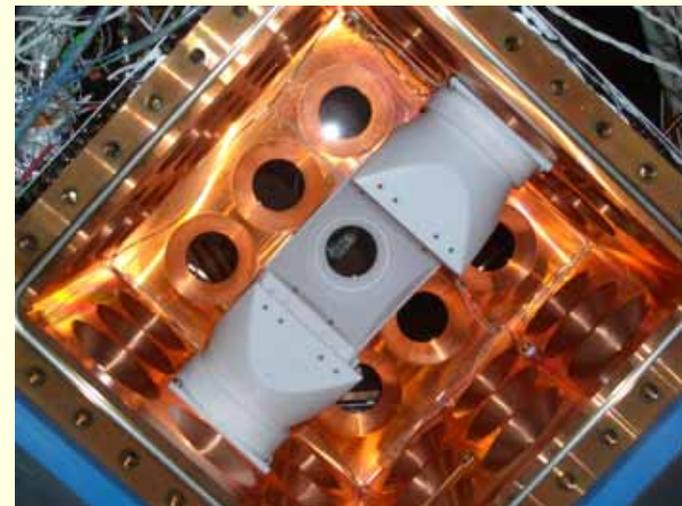
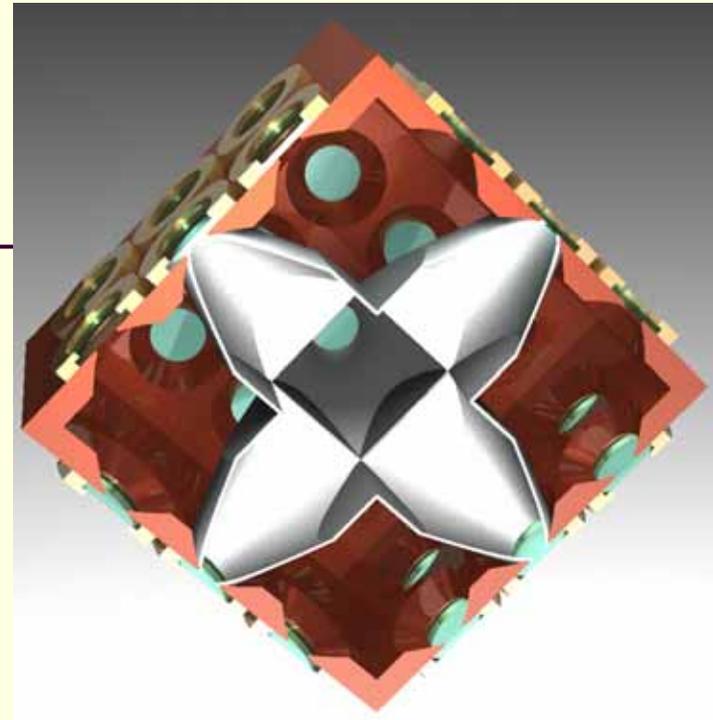
The “wall effect”



- Scintillation light at the dead angle from PMTs give quite uniform 1 p.e. level signal for PMTs.
- This cause mis reconstruction as if the vertex is around the center of the detector.
- Immersing PMTs into LXe and using spherical design solve this problem.
→ It will give low BG in the ROI for DM search

Further investigation of BG at low energy region

- By putting “PTFE light guide,” we can minimize the wall effect.
➔ $10^{-2}/\text{keV}/\text{kg}/\text{d}$, $E_{\text{th}} \sim 10\text{keV}$, and $\sim 3\text{kg}$ FV will be achieved.
- We can select events at the center of the detector by requiring balanced hits for 6 PMTs.
- Data will be taken in early next year.



Summary

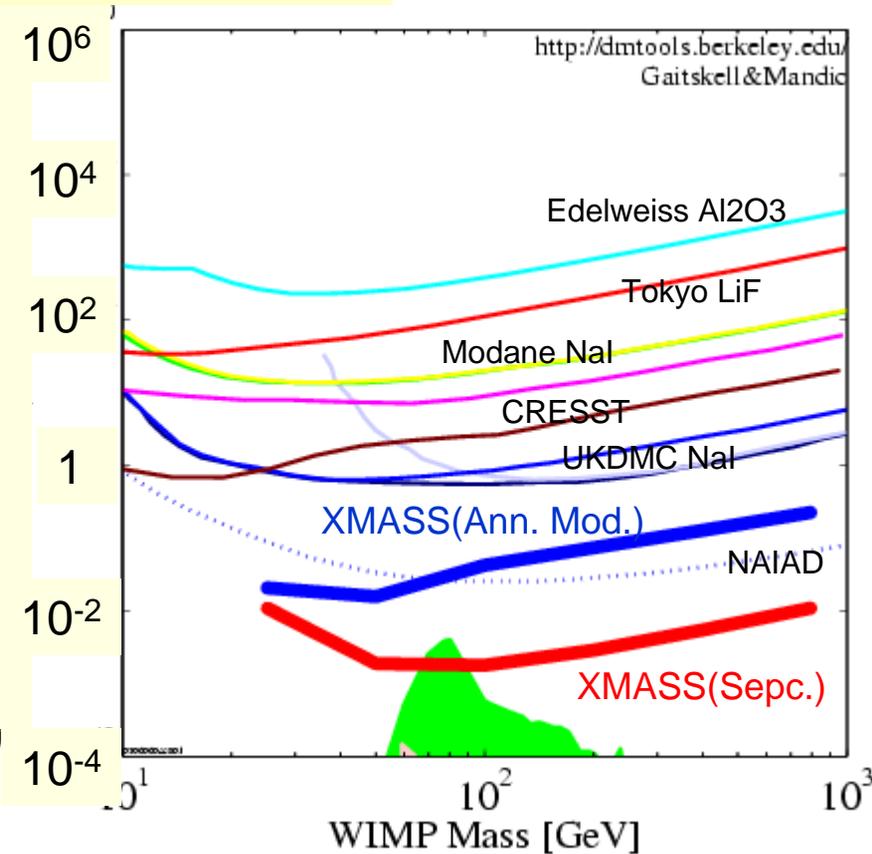
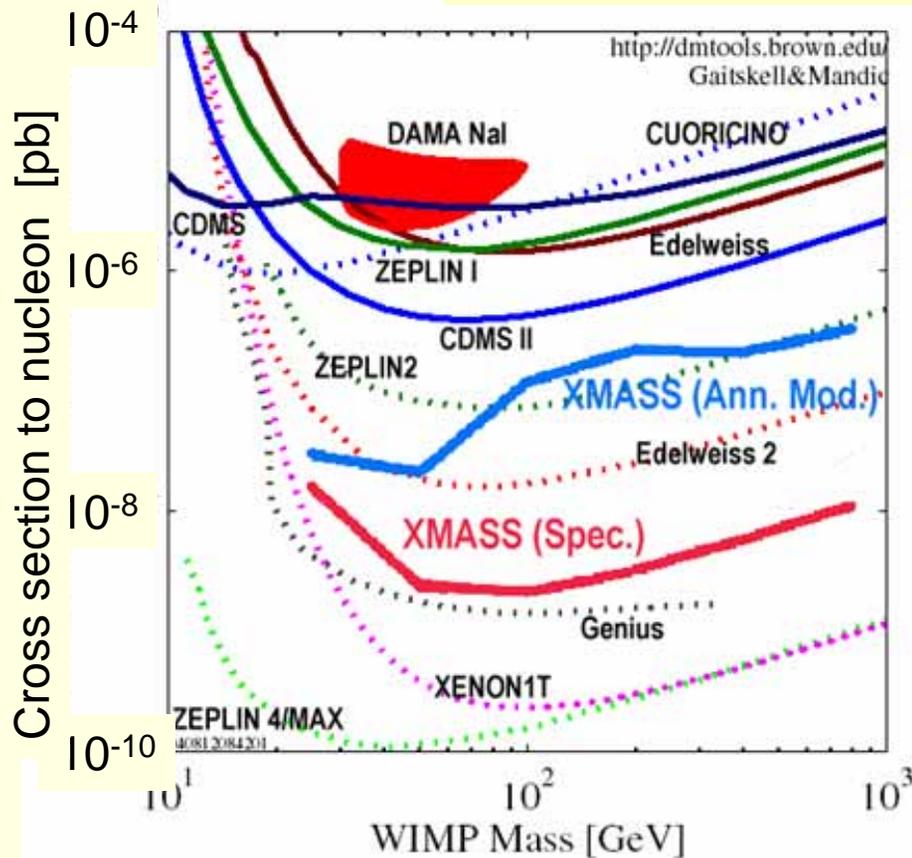
- XMASS utilizes self shield to achieve low BG.
- R&D by 3kg FV prototype is well going:
Demonstration of
reconstruction, self shield, and low BG properties.
- 1/200 exponential dumping over 24cm for 662keV gamma ray demonstrated.
- 10^{-2} /kg/keV/day@100keV in 10cm cubic FV was achieved by self shielding effect. Origins of background is well understood.
- By utilizing this self shield effect, we are planning to build a ton scale LXe detector (dark matter search, see poster) and investigate for a future low energy solar neutrino detector.

Expected sensitivity

XMASS FV 0.5ton year

$E_{th}=5\text{keV} \rightarrow \sim 25\text{p.e.}$, 3σ discovery

W/O any pulse shape info.



Large improvements will be expected.

SI $\sim 10^{-45}\text{cm}^2 = 10^{-9}\text{pb}$

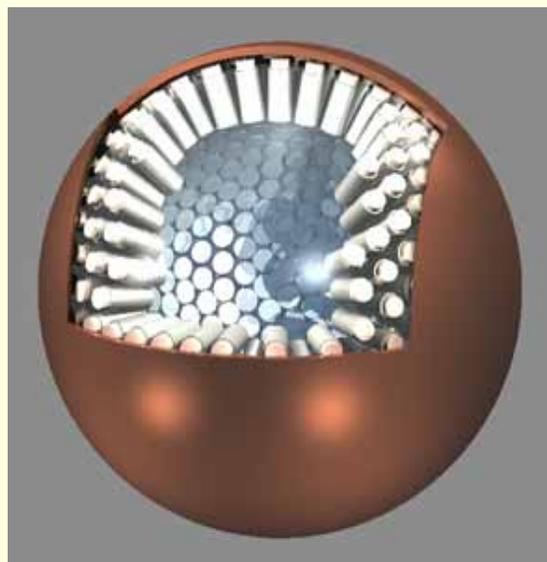
SD $\sim 10^{-39}\text{cm}^2 = 10^{-3}\text{pb}$

Plots except for XMASS:
<http://dmtools.berkeley.edu>
 Gaitskell & Mandic

800kg (100kg FV) detector for DM Search

- Solve the miss reconst. prob. → immerse PMTs into LXe
- Ext. γ BG: from PMT's → Self-shield effect demonstrated
- Int. BG: Kr (distillation), Radon → Almost achieved
- Neutron: water or LS active shield ($1/10^4$) → To be studied

“Full” photo-sensitive, “Spherical” geometry detector



80cm dia.

**~800-2" PMTs (1/10 Low BG)
70% photo-coverage ~5p.e./keVee**

