Problem Set 3

Physics 363Spring Quarter 2008H.J.Frisch HEP320 (702-7479)Apr. 16, 2008Due in class Wed. Apr. 23.

Note change in class time and room - Wednesday, April 23 from 3:30-4:50 P.M., in Room KPTC 105

Reading: Perkins Chapters 2 and 4 (4th Edition). If you are interested in fields involving any field theory, I strongly recommend also buying and reading Feynman's Theory of Fundamental Processes. Chapters 15 to the end provide a succinct body of knowledge that's a very good start for simple folks (read experimentalists).

Problems:

- 1. SR practice At CERN and Fermilab there is an enormous effort searching for the Higgs boson, the existence of which would provide a mechanism for generating masses of the elementary particles. Consider a Higgs boson of mass 120 GeV (just above the LEP limit) that decays into a pair of b-quarks. Find the momenta of the b-quarks (take the b-quark mass to be 5 GeV).
- 2. More SR practice If the Higgs mass is larger than twice the W-boson mass, it can decay to a pair of W's. If the Higgs mass is 165 GeV, find the momenta of the W's (the W mass is measured to be 80.4 GeV).
- 3. Even more SR practice The W decays into the weak iso-doublets with equal coupling strength (i.e. $e\nu_e$, $\mu\nu_{\mu}$, $\tau\nu_{\tau}$, $u\bar{d}$, and $c\bar{s}$ are all equally coupled to the W). Find the maximum and minimum transverse momentum of an electron from a W decay product of a 165-GeV Higgs. (transverse momentum is the component of momentum perpendicular to the incoming beam direction).
- 4. Perkins Chapter 2, Problem 2.1
- 5. Perkins Chapter 2, Problem 2.4
- 6. Perkins Chapter 2, Problem 2.5
- 7. Perkins Chapter 4, Problem 4.1
- 8. Perkins Chapter 4, Problem 4.4
- 9. Perkins Chapter 4, Problem 4.5